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be assigned caseload in the same manner described in paragraph (a)(2)(iii)(B) of this section.

(B) State agencies with approved State plans incorporating requests for program initiation to provide service to the elderly shall be assigned caseload in the same manner described in paragraph (a)(2)(iii)(C) of this section.

(b) *Administrative funding.* This subsection provides the policies and procedures for payment by FNS of funds for administrative costs to participating State agencies and disbursement by State agencies to local agencies. Funds shall be paid to State agencies as specified in § 247.9, Financial Management Systems. As a prerequisite to the receipt of such funds each fiscal year, the State agency shall have executed a written agreement with the Department and shall have received FNS approval of its State Plan.

(1) FNS allocates to each State agency an administrative grant per assigned caseload slot, adjusted each year for inflation.

(2) For fiscal year 2003, the amount of the grant per assigned caseload slot is equal to the per-caseload slot amount provided in fiscal year 2001, adjusted by the percentage change between:

(i) The value of the State and local government price index, as published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Department of Commerce, for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2001; and

(ii) The value of that index for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2002.

(3) For subsequent fiscal years, the amount of the grant per assigned caseload slot is equal to the amount of the grant per assigned caseload slot for the preceding fiscal year, adjusted by the percentage change between:

(i) The value of the State and local government price index, as published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Department of Commerce, for the 12-month period ending June 30 of the second preceding fiscal year; and

(ii) The value of that index for the 12-month period ending June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

(4) To ensure that State agencies can properly budget for program operations, FNS guarantees that 75 percent of the administrative funding provided

to each State under paragraph (b)(2) of this section will be protected from recoveries during the current fiscal year.

(5) The State agency may retain a percentage of administrative funding for State level use, based on the following formula: 15 percent of the first \$50,000; plus 10 percent of the next \$100,000; plus 5 percent of the next \$250,000. The State may retain a maximum amount of \$30,000 annually for its administrative expenditures. However, if the State agency provides warehousing services, FNS approval may be requested at the beginning of the applicable fiscal year for funds greater than those allowed under the formula, provided that the State agency can document the need and ensure that the increase will not impose undue hardship on local agencies. The remaining funds and any unused funds at the State level shall be distributed to the local agencies.

(6) The State agency, in providing administrative funds to local agencies, shall apportion such funds among the local agencies on the basis of their respective needs so as to ensure that those local agencies evidencing higher administrative costs, while demonstrating prudent management and fiscal controls, receive a greater portion of the administrative funds.

(c) *Reallocation.* FNS reserves the right to periodically recover and redistribute unused caseload slots and unspent administrative funds (subject to the limitation in paragraph (b)(4) of this section). In the event that caseload slots are recovered, they shall be allocated in accordance with the order of funding established in § 247.10(a)(2).

[51 FR 32901, Sept. 17, 1986, as amended at 53 FR 4840, Feb. 18, 1988; 62 FR 55145, Oct. 23, 1997; 68 FR 51677, Aug. 28, 2003]

§ 247.11 Administrative costs.

(a) *General.* Funds provided to State and local agencies may be used to cover administrative costs identified under FMC 74-4 which State agencies determine to be necessary to carry out the Program within their jurisdiction.

(b) *Allowable costs.* The following costs are specifically identified as illustrative of costs allowable under the Program:

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(1) The cost of certification procedures including: (i) Laboratory fees incurred for tests conducted to determine the eligibility of persons to participate in the Program; (ii) expendable medical supplies necessary to determine the eligibility of persons to participate in the Program; and (iii) centrifuges, measuring boards, skin fold calipers, spectrophotometers, hematofluorometers, hemoglobinometers, and scales used for determining the eligibility of persons, provided that expenditure limits will be set by FNS for each piece of equipment and expenditures which exceed the limits shall receive prior approval by the FNS Regional Office.

(2) The cost of nutrition education services provided to participants and parents and guardians of participants, and used for training local agency staff members;

(3) The cost of transporting food and of administering the food distribution system;

(4) The cost of interpreters and translators for Program materials;

(5) The cost of outreach services;

(6) The cost of audits and fair hearings;

(7) General administration of the State and local agencies including, but not limited to, personnel, warehousing, and insurance;

(8) The cost of monitoring and reviewing Program operations; and

(9) The cost of transportation for participants to and from the local agency when the local agency has determined and documented the need for such assistance.

(c) *Restrictions on allowable costs.* The following costs are allowable only with the prior approval of FNS.

(1) Automatic Data Processing equipment and system purchases whether by outright purchase, rental-purchase agreement or other method of purchase;

(2) Capital expenditures over \$2,500.00 such as the cost of facilities, equipment, other capital assets and any repairs that materially increase the value or useful life of capital assets, provided that any subsequent sale of real or personal properties, purchased in whole or in part with Program funds, shall be used to reimburse FNS in an amount computed by applying to

the sale proceeds the percentage of FNS participation in the original acquisition costs;

(3) Occupancy of space under rental-purchase or a lease with option to purchase agreements;

(4) Equipment rental costs where the agreement provides for rental-purchase or a lease with option to purchase; and

(5) Management studies performed by agencies or departments other than the State or local agency or those performed by outside consultants under contract with the State or local agency.

(d) *Unallowable costs.* Expenditures by a State agency or local agencies which result in costs that may not be applicable to the Program objectives are "unallowable costs." A State agency's system for financial management shall identify such unallowable costs. In addition to unallowable costs identified in FMC 74-4 the following are specifically unallowable costs for reimbursement by FNS:

(1) Costs incurred for rearrangement and alteration of facilities not required specifically for the program;

(2) Actual losses which could have been covered by permissible insurance (through an approved self-insurance program or otherwise).

§ 247.12 Program income.

Program income means gross income the State agency or local agencies earn from grant supported activities, with the exception of income from the sale of property as specified in § 247.11(c)(2). Program income earned during the agreement period shall be retained by the State agency in accordance with the provisions of A-102, Attachment E and used to further Program objectives; except that interest earned on Program funds at the State or local levels shall be used in accordance with the provisions of A-102, Attachment E. A State agency's financial management system shall provide guidelines to assure that: income earned is recorded as individual transactions within the accounting records in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles for recording expenditures and revenues; and specifically earmarked Program income is used for the purpose(s) intended.